

Canine IGFBP-2 ELISA Kit

Catalog Number EC9RB (96 tests), EC9RBX10 (10 x 96 tests)

Rev. 7

Product description

The Canine IGFBP-2 ELISA Kit is a solid-phase sandwich Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) designed to detect and quantify the level of canine IGFBP-2 in cell culture supernatants, plasma, and serum.

Contents and storage

Upon receipt, store at 2-8°C for 6 months or -20°C for 1 year.

Components	Cat. No. EC9RB (96 tests)	Cat. No. EC9RBX10 (10 x 96 tests)
Canine IGFBP-2 Antibody Coated wells, 96-well plate	1 plate	10 plates
Canine IGFBP-2 Biotin Conjugate	2 vials	20 vials
Canine IGFBP-2 Standard, recombinant canine IGFBP-2	2 vials	20 vials
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20X)	25 mL	12 x 25 mL
Assay Diluent (5X)	15 mL	10 x 15 mL
Streptavidin-HRP (550X)	0.2 mL	10 x 0.2 mL
TMB Substrate	12 mL	10 x 12 mL
Stop Solution	8 mL	10 x 8 mL
Adhesive Plate Covers	2	20

Materials required but not supplied

- Distilled or deionized water
- Microtiter plater reader with software capable of measuring at 450 nm
- Plate washer-automated or manual (manifold dispenser)
- Calibrated adjustable precision pipettes and glass or plastic tubes for diluting solutions

Procedural guidelines

- Review the **Procedural guidelines** and **Plate washing directions** in the *ELISA Technical Guide* at thermofisher.com for details prior to starting the procedure.
- Reagents are lot-specific. Do not mix or interchange different reagent lots from various kit lots.

Prepare 1X Wash Buffer

1. Allow Wash Buffer Concentrate (20X) to reach room temperature and mix to redissolve any precipitated salts.
2. Dilute 20 mL of the Wash Buffer Concentrate into 380 mL of deionized or distilled water. Label as 1X Wash Buffer.
3. Store the concentrate and 1X Wash Buffer in the refrigerator. Use the diluted buffer within one month.

Prepare diluent

- Assay Diluent should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use.

Perform ELISA (Total assay time: 4 hours and 45 minutes)

Allow all reagents to reach room temperature before use. Mix all liquid reagents prior to use.

IMPORTANT! Perform a standard curve with each assay.

Determine the number of 8-well strips required for the assay. Insert the strips in the frames for use. Re-bag any unused strips and frames, and store at 2 to 8°C for future use.



Capture antibody



Antigen



Biotin conjugate



Streptavidin-HRP

1 Bind antigen



- For the standard curve, add 100 μ L of standards to the appropriate wells (see Dilute standards). For samples, add 100 μ L of diluted samples (see Dilute samples) to the wells.
- Cover wells and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4°C with gentle shaking.
- Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1X Wash Buffer. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 μ L) using a multi-channel Pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.

2 Add biotin conjugate



- Add 100 μ L of prepared biotin conjugate (see Prepare biotin conjugate) to each well.
- Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
- Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.

3 Add Streptavidin-HRP



- Add 100 μ L of prepared Streptavidin-HRP solution (see Prepare Streptavidin-HRP solution) to each well.
- Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
- Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.

4 Add TMB substrate



- Add 100 μ L of TMB Substrate to each well. The substrate will begin to turn blue.
- Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature **in the dark** with gentle shaking.

5 Add stop solution



Add 50 μ L of Stop Solution to each well. Tap the side of the plate gently to mix. The solution in the well changes from blue to yellow.

Read the plate and generate the standard curve

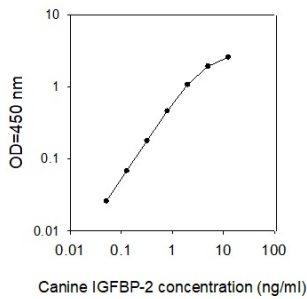
1. Read the absorbance at 450 nm. Read the plate within 30 minutes after adding the Stop Solution.
2. Use curve-fitting software to generate the standard curve. A four parameter algorithm provides the best standard curve fit. Optimally, the background absorbance may be subtracted from all data points, including standards, unknowns and controls, prior to plotting.
3. Read the concentrations for unknown samples and control from the standard curve. Multiple value(s) obtained for sample(s) by the appropriate factor to correct for the sample dilution.

Note: Dilute samples producing signals greater than that of the highest standard in Standard Diluent Buffer and reanalyze. Multiply the concentration by the appropriate dilution factor.

Performance characteristics

Standard curve (example)

These standard curves are for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Intra-assay precision

To determine intra-assay precision, two standard curves and 3 samples for each standard curve are run. The standard curve concentration points as well as the samples are tested in duplicates on a single plate. Two different concentration values are obtained for each sample, using the two separate standard curves. The two concentration values for each sample is compared to each other using the CV% calculation.

Intra-Assay CV%: <10%

Inter-assay precision

To evaluate inter-assay precision, the second standard curve is tested on a separate plate along with the second set of samples.

Inter-Assay CV%: <12%

Recovery

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range (%)
Cell Culture Supernatants	105	97-112
Plasma	99	91-104
Serum	88	74-104

Specificity

This ELISA antibody pair detects Canine IGFBP-2 and Human IGFBP-2. Other species not determined. This ELISA kit shows no cross-reactivity with the following cytokines tested: Canine ErbB3 (Her3), Galectin-3, GASP-1, KC (CXCL1), MMP-8, NCAM-1 (CD56), Nope, PDGF-BB, TGF-alpha.

Linearity of dilution

The cell culture supernatants, plasma, and serum samples were spiked with recombinant canine IGFBP-2, serially diluted in sample diluent and evaluated. Observed values were compared to expected values to calculate percent recovery and demonstrate the dilution linearity of the assay.

Sample Type	Average % Expected		Range (%)	
	1:2 Dilution	1:4 Dilution	1:2 Dilution	1:4 Dilution
Cell Culture Supernatants	88	74	83-93	72-77
Plasma	89	72	83-92	68-80
Serum	79	73	71-86	67-79

Sensitivity

The minimum detectable dose of canine IGFBP-2 is 0.055 ng/mL. This was determined by assaying replicates of zero and the standard curve. The mean signal of zero + 2 standard deviations read in dose from the standard curve is the LLD. This value is the smallest dose that is not zero with 95% confidence.

Limited product warranty

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Product label explanation of symbols and warnings



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