MagMAX™ Wastewater Ultra Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit

Manual and automated high-throughput nucleic acid isolation from sludge, 1 mL direct or pre-concentrated wastewater samples, and 50–500 mL wastewater samples (with filtration)

Catalog Numbers A52606

Pub. No. MAN0025694 Rev. A.0



WARNING! Read the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) and follow the handling instructions. Wear appropriate protective eyewear, clothing, and gloves. Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) are available from **thermofisher.com/support**.

Product description

The Applied Biosystems[™] MagMAX[™] Wastewater Ultra Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit (Cat. No. A52606) is developed for scalable, rapid isolation of high-quality total nucleic acid (RNA and DNA) from sludge and wastewater samples. Nucleic acid that is purified with this kit can be used in a broad range of molecular biology downstream applications, such as sequencing, real-time PCR, and digital PCR. This protocol guides users through manual and automated isolation of RNA and DNA from 1 mL wastewater samples, sludge, and filtered wastewater samples. Automated nucleic acid isolation is performed using one of the following instruments: KingFisher[™] Flex, KingFisher[™] Apex, or KingFisher[™] Duo Prime.

Contents and storage

The MagMAX[™] Wastewater Ultra Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit (Cat. No. A52606) contains reagents sufficient for 20 reactions.

Component	Amount	Storage
Lysis Buffer	80 mL	
Binding Solution	50 mL	
Wash Buffer	200 mL	
Elution Solution	25 mL	15°C to 30°C
Proteinase K	4 mL	
DNA/RNA Binding Beads (Binding Beads)	2 mL	

Additional reagents can be ordered separately: Lysis Buffer (Cat. No. A42361), Binding Solution (Cat. No. A42359), Wash Solution (Cat. No. A42360), Proteinase K (Cat. No. A42363), and Binding Beads (Cat. No. A42362).

Required materials not supplied

Unless otherwise indicated, all materials are available through **thermofisher.com**. MLS: Fisher Scientific (fisherscientific.com) or another major laboratory supplier.

Catalog numbers that appear as links open the web pages for those products.

Table 1 Materials required for all sample preparation and isolation methods (manual and automated)

Item	Source	
Equipment		
Standard laboratory mixer (vortex or equivalent)	MLS	
Centrifuge for 50-mL conical tubes (10,000 \times g)	MLS	
Benchtop centrifuge	MLS	
Adjustable micropipettors	MLS	
Multichannel micropipettors	MLS	
Incubator set at 65°C ^[1]	MLS	
Consumables		
Nalgene™ Rapid-Flow™ Sterile Single Use Vacuum Filter Units (nylon; 150-mL volume upper) ^[1]	150-0045	
Nalgene™ Rapid-Flow™ Sterile Single Use Vacuum Filter Units (nylon; 1,000-mL volume upper) ^[1]	154-0045	
Conical Tubes (15 mL)	AM12500	
Conical Tubes (50 mL)	AM12501	
Nonstick, RNase-Free Microfuge Tubes, 1.5 mL	AM12450	
Nonstick, RNase-Free Microfuge Tubes, 2.0 mL	AM12475	
MicroAmp™ Clear Adhesive Film	4306311	
Reagents		
Ethanol, 100% (molecular biology grade)	MLS	
Nuclease-free water	AM9932	

^[1] Required only for filtered wastewater samples.



Table 2 Additional materials required for automated isolation methods

Item	Source
Instrument, one of the following:	
KingFisher™ Flex Purification System with 96 deep-well head	5400630
KingFisher™ Apex Purification System with 96 deep-well head	5400930
KingFisher™ Duo Prime Purification System	5400110
Consumables	
KingFisher™ Flex 24 Deep-Well Plate	95040470
KingFisher™ 24 deep-well tip comb and plate	97002610
Consumables for the KingFisher™ Flex instrument: • KingFisher™ 96 KF microplate ^[1] • KingFisher™ 96 tip comb for deep-well magnets	97002540 97002534
Equipment	
24 Deep-Well Head for KingFisher™ Flex Purification System	24074440
Reagent reservoirs	MLS

^[1] For tip comb placement, elution plate, and/or storage of eluate.

Table 3 Additional materials required for manual isolation methods

Item	Source
Plate shaker	MLS
Magnetic stand, one of the following:	
 DynaMag[™]-2 Magnet (for tubes) 	12321D
Magnetic Stand-96 (for 96 deep-well plates)	AM10027
Incubator set at 75°C	MLS

General guidelines

- Perform all steps at room temperature (20–30°C), unless otherwise noted.
- Clean the work surfaces with RNaseZap[™] to remove nucleases, then wipe the surfaces with 70% to 100% molecular biology grade ethanol to remove additional contaminants.
- Precipitates can form in the Lysis Buffer, Binding Solution, and Wash Buffer if stored at a room temperature that is too cold. If this occurs, warm the reagents at 37°C, then gently mix to dissolve the precipitates. Avoid creating bubbles.

Guidelines for wastewater samples

 Heat-inactivate the wastewater samples upon receival.
 Heating at 65°C for 30 minutes is typically sufficient for inactivation of SARS-CoV2 and other viral targets in wastewater.

Note: Longer incubation may be necessary for large wastewater volumes.

Guidelines for Binding Bead Mix

- Vortex Binding Beads thoroughly before each use.
- Ensure that the beads stay fully mixed within the solution during pipetting.
- · Avoid creating bubbles during mixing and aliquoting.
- Binding Bead Mix is very viscous so pipet carefully to ensure that the correct volume is added to the sample.

Before first use of the kit

Prepare reagents

Prepare 80% ethanol using 100% absolute ethanol and nuclease-free water.

Prepare sufficient solution for a minimum volume of 2 mL per sample.

Download and install the program (automated methods)

The appropriate program for the kit must be installed on the instrument before first use.

 On the MagMAX[™] Wastewater Ultra Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit (Cat. No. A52606) product web page, navigate to the Product Literature section. Right-click the appropriate file to download the latest version of the program for your instrument.

Note: If you are using the KingFisher[™] Apex instrument, download the program from the KingFisher[™] Apex Protocol Library directly from the instrument.

Instrument	Program name	
KingFisher™ Flex	MagMAX_Wastewater_Flex24_V2.bdz	
KingFisher™ Apex	MagMAX_Wastewater_Apex24.kfx	
KingFisher™ Duo Prime	MagMAX_Wastewater_DUO24.bdz	

2. See your instrument user guide or contact Technical Support for instructions for installing the program.

Before each use of the kit

- Vortex the Binding Beads vigorously to ensure that the beads are fully resuspended.
- Prepare Binding Bead Mix—Combine the following components for the required number of samples, plus 10% overage.

Component	Volume per well (24 deep-well plates)
Binding Solution	2,000 μL
Binding Beads	100 μL
Total Binding Bead Mix	2,100 μL

3. Mix well by inversion, then store at room temperature.

Prepare samples for isolation

Prepare sludge or 1 mL wastewater samples

Prepare samples as described.

Sample type	Action
Sludge	1. Add the following components to a 2- or 15-mL tube in the order indicated:Sludge sample—200 mg
	 (Optional) Viral or pathogen spike—as required per sample for your experiment
	Lysis Buffer—2 mL
	2. Vortex at high speed (setting 10) for 30 seconds.
	3. Centrifuge at $10,000 \times g$ for 2 minutes.
	4. Transfer 2 mL of the supernatant to the appropriate wells of a new 24 deep-well plate (Sample Plate).
	IMPORTANT! Avoid disturbing the pellet.
Wastewater (1 mL)	Add the following components to a 2-mL tube in the order indicated: a. Wastewater sample—1 mL
	b. (Optional) Viral or pathogen spike—as required per sample for your experiment
	c. Lysis Buffer—1 mL
	 Note: For optimal results, we recommend a sample input volume of 1 mL, however, up to 1.5 mL can be used. For sample input volumes >1 mL, adjust the volume of Lysis Buffer to achieve a total volume of 2 mL.
	2. Vortex at high speed (setting 10) for 10 seconds.
	3. Centrifuge at $10,000 \times g$ for 2 minutes.
	4. Transfer 2 mL of the supernatant to the appropriate wells of a new 24 deep-well plate (Sample Plate).
	IMPORTANT! Avoid disturbing the pellet.

Prepare 50-500 mL wastewater samples

1. Transfer the wastewater sample to multiple 50-mL conical tubes.

Example:

- To process 150 mL of clear supernatant Divide 170 mL of sample into four tubes.
- To process 500 mL of clear supernatant Divide 550 mL of sample into eleven tubes.
- 2. (Optional) Spike the sample with the appropriate volume of viral or pathogen target as required per sample for your experiment.
- 3. Centrifuge at $10,000 \times g$ (deceleration speed set at 5) for 10 minutes.

IMPORTANT! Centrifugation is recommended to remove inhibitors of PCR or RT-PCR. It is critical to obtain a clear supernatant.

- 4. Carefully collect the clear supernatant from each tube. Leave 5 mL at the bottom of the tube to avoid disturbing the pellet. Example: For four tubes, collect 150 mL of supernatant, leaving 5 mL at the bottom of each tube.
- 5. Vacuum-filter the supernatant using the appropriate nylon Nalgene [™] Rapid-Flow [™] filter unit as indicated.

Sample volume	Recommended filter unit
50–150 mL	Cat. No. 150-0045
500 mL	Cat. No. 154-0045

- 6. Using a razor blade, cut a line down the center of the filter membrane, then transfer the membrane to the lid of the filter unit with forceps.
- 7. Finely mince the membrane on the lid of the filter unit using the razor blade and forceps.

8. Transfer the membrane pieces to a 15-mL conical tube, then add the following components in the order indicated.

Component	Volume per sample		
Component	For 50–150 mL initial sample volume	For 500 mL initial sample volume	
Lysis Buffer	2 mL	2.5 mL	
Vortex at high speed for 1 minute, then invert the tube and vortex upside down for an additional minute.			
Proteinase K	160 µL	200 μL	

- 9. Incubate for 20 minutes at 65°C.
- 10. Centrifuge at $4,000 \times g$ for 2 minutes.
- 11. Transfer the entire volume of supernatant to the appropriate well of a new 24 deep-well plate (Sample Plate).

Note: Press down on the membrane pieces with the pipette tip to collect all of the supernatant.

Isolate SARS-CoV2 or other viral nucleic acid with the KingFisher[™] Flex or KingFisher[™] Apex instrument

Note: Samples must be prepared before starting this procedure. See "Prepare samples for isolation" on page 3.

Set up the instrument

1.1. Ensure that the instrument is set up with the proper magnetic head and heat block, as indicated in the following table:

Component	Туре	
Magnetic head	24 deep-well magnetic head	
Heat block	24 deep-well heating block	

IMPORTANT! Failure to use the proper magnetic head and heat block results in lower yields and potential harm to the instrument.

- **1.2.** Ensure that the appropriate program has been downloaded and installed on the instrument (see "Download and install the program (automated methods)" on page 2).
- 2 Set up the processing plates
- **2.1.** Set up the Wash, Elution, and Tip Comb Plates outside of the instrument according to the following table:

				Volume	per well
Plate ID	Plate position	Plate type	Reagent	For ≤170 mL initial sample volume	For 550 mL initial sample volume
Wash 1 Plate	2	24 deep-well	Wash Buffer	4,000 μL	
Wash 2 Plate	3	24 deep-well	24 deep-well 80% Ethanol 4,000 μL		0 μL
Elution Plate	4	24 deep-well	Elution Solution	100 μL ^[1,2]	200 μL ^[2]
Tip Comb	5	Place the 24 deep-well tip comb in a standard 24 deep-well plate			

^[1] We recommend an elution volume of 100 μL, however, 50 μL can be used if a more concentrated sample is needed for downstream analysis.

Note: If a 200-µL eluate appears cloudy, a 1:10 dilution can be used for downstream analysis.

2.2. (Optional) To prevent evaporation and contamination, cover the prepared processing plates with paraffin film or MicroAmp[™] Clear Adhesive Film until they are loaded into the instrument.

If leftover beads are observed in the Elution Plate, the beads can be separated by putting the Elution Plate on a 96-well magnet stand.

- Combine samples with Proteinase K and the Binding Bead Mix
- 3.1. (For sludge and 1-mL wastewater samples only) Add 160 μ L of Proteinase K to each sample in the Sample Plate.

Note: Do not add additional Proteinase K to filtered wastewater samples that were already processed with Proteinase K during the sample preparation procedure.

3.2. Invert the tube of Binding Bead Mix several times to resuspend the beads, then add 2,100 μL of the Binding Bead Mix to each sample.

Note

- Keep the Binding Bead Mix thoroughly mixed throughout the pipetting procedure.
- Pipet slowly to ensure the correct volume of Binding Bead Mix is added to each well.
- DO NOT reuse pipette tips to add the Binding Bead Mix to the samples, as the high viscosity will cause variations in the volumes added.
- 4 Process samples on the instrument
- **4.1.** Select the appropriate program on the instrument (see "Download and install the program (automated methods)" on page 2).
- **4.2.** Start the run, then load the prepared Sample Plate (plate position 1) and processing plates into position when prompted by the instrument.
- 4.3. At the end of the run (~29 minutes), immediately remove the Elution Plate from the instrument, then cover the plate. Alternatively, transfer the eluate to a new tube or plate for final storage.
 The isolated nucleic acid is ready for immediate use.

Store the isolated nucleic acid at -20°C for up to 6 months or at -80°C for greater than 6 months.

Isolate SARS-CoV2 or other viral nucleic acid with the KingFisher[™] Duo Prime instrument

Note: Samples must be prepared before starting this procedure. See "Prepare samples for isolation" on page 3.

Set up the instrument

1.1. Ensure that the instrument is set up with the proper magnetic head and heat block, as indicated in the following table:

Component	Туре	
Magnetic head	6-pin magnetic head	
Heat block	6-well heating block (for 24 deep-well plates)	

IMPORTANT! Failure to use the proper magnetic head and heat block results in lower yields and potential harm to the instrument.

1.2. Ensure that the appropriate program has been downloaded and installed on the instrument (see "Download and install the program (automated methods)" on page 2).

2 Set up the processing plates

2.1. Set up the Wash, Elution, and Tip Comb Plates outside of the instrument according to the following table:

				Volume per well	
Row ID	Plate row	Plate type	Reagent	For ≤170 mL initial sample volume	For 550 mL initial sample volume
Sample	А	24 deep-well	Sample lysate + Proteinase K + Binding Bead Mix	~4,200 µL	
Tip Comb	В		Place a tip comb in the plate		
Wash 1	С		Wash Buffer	4,00	0 μL
Wash 2	D		80% Ethanol	4,000 μL	
Elution	Separate tube strip		Elution Solution	100 µL ^[1]	200 μL

^[1] We recommend an elution volume of 100 µL, however, 50 µL can be used if a more concentrated sample is needed for downstream analysis.

Note: If a 200-µL eluate appears cloudy, a 1:10 dilution can be used for downstream analysis.

- 2.2. (Optional) To prevent evaporation and contamination, cover the prepared processing plates with paraffin film or MicroAmp™ Clear Adhesive Film until they are loaded into the instrument.
- Combine samples with Proteinase K and the Binding Bead Mix
- 3.1. (For sludge and 1-mL wastewater samples only) Add 160 μL of Proteinase K to each sample in the Sample Plate.

Note: Do not add additional Proteinase K to filtered wastewater samples that were already processed with Proteinase K during the sample preparation procedure.

3.2. Invert the tube of Binding Bead Mix several times to resuspend the beads, then add 2,100 μL of the Binding Bead Mix to each sample in Row A of the Sample Plate.

Note:

- Keep the Binding Bead Mix thoroughly mixed throughout the pipetting procedure.
- . Pipet slowly to ensure the correct volume of Binding Bead Mix is added to each well.
- DO NOT reuse pipette tips to add the Binding Bead Mix to the samples, as the high viscosity will cause variations in the volumes added.
- 4 Process samples on the instrument
- **4.1.** Select the appropriate program on the instrument (see "Download and install the program (automated methods)" on page 2).
- 4.2. Start the run, then load the prepared plates into position when prompted by the instrument.
- **4.3.** At the end of the run (~28 minutes), immediately remove the plate from the instrument, then transfer the eluate to a new tube or plate for final storage.

The isolated nucleic acid is ready for immediate use.

Store the isolated nucleic acid at -20°C for up to 6 months or at -80°C for greater than 6 months.

Isolate SARS-CoV2 or other viral nucleic acid (manual method)

Note: Samples must be prepared before starting this procedure. See "Prepare samples for isolation" on page 3.

Combine samples with Proteinase K and the Binding Bead Mix

1.1. (For sludge and 1-mL wastewater samples only) Add 160 μ L of Proteinase K to each sample in the Sample Plate.

Note: Do not add additional Proteinase K to filtered wastewater samples that were already processed with Proteinase K during the sample preparation procedure.

1 Combine samples with Proteinase K and the Binding Bead Mix (continued)

1.2. Invert the tube of Binding Bead Mix several times to resuspend the beads, then add 2,100 μL of Binding Bead Mix to each sample.

Note:

- Keep the Binding Bead Mix thoroughly mixed throughout the pipetting procedure.
- Pipet slowly to ensure the correct volume of Binding Bead Mix is added to each well.
- DO NOT reuse pipette tips to add the Binding Bead Mix to the samples, as the high viscosity will cause variations in the volumes added.
- 1.3. Seal the plate with MicroAmp[™] Clear Adhesive Film. Apply firm pressure to the adhesive film during application to ensure a tight, leak-proof seal.

The plate is properly sealed when an imprint of each well is visible on the surface of the film.

- 1.4. Shake the sealed plate at 900 rpm for 5 minutes.
- 1.5. Place the plate on a magnetic stand for at least 5 minutes, or until all of the beads have collected.

Wash the beads

2.1. With the plate on the magnetic stand, carefully remove the adhesive film, then discard the supernatant.

IMPORTANT! Avoid disturbing the beads.

- 2.2. Remove the plate from the magnetic stand, then add 4 mL of Wash Buffer to each sample.
- 2.3. Reseal the plate, then shake at 800 rpm for 30 seconds.
- **2.4.** Place the plate on the magnetic stand for 3–5 minutes, or until all of the beads have collected at the bottom of the plate.
- **2.5.** With the plate on the magnetic stand, carefully remove the adhesive film, then discard the supernatant.

IMPORTANT! Avoid disturbing the beads.

- 2.6. Repeat step 2b through step 2e, using 4 mL of 80% ethanol.
- **2.7.** Shake the plate at 800 rpm for 3 minutes to dry the beads.

Elute the nucleic acid

3.1. Add the appropriate volume of Elution Solution to each sample based on the initial sample volume.

Initial sample volume	Volume of Elution Solution per well	
≤170 mL	100 μL ^[1]	
550 mL	200 μL	

^[1] We recommend an elution volume of 100 µL, however, 50 µL can be used if a more concentrated sample is needed for downstream analysis.

Note: If a 200-µL eluate appears cloudy, a 1:10 dilution can be used for downstream analysis.

- 3.2. Seal the plate with MicroAmp[™] Clear Adhesive Film, then incubate at 75°C for 5 minutes.
- 3.3. Shake at 800 rpm for 5 minutes.
- **3.4.** Place the plate on the magnetic stand for 3–5 minutes, or until all of the beads have collected at the bottom of the plate.

3 Elute the nucleic acid (continued)

3.5. With the plate on the magnetic stand, carefully remove the adhesive film, then transfer the eluates to a new standard plate (not a deep-well plate).

IMPORTANT! Immediately seal the plate containing the eluate to prevent evaporation.

The isolated nucleic acid is ready for immediate use.

Store the isolated nucleic acid at -20°C for up to 6 months or at -80°C for greater than 6 months.

Limited product warranty

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Revision Date		Description	
A.0	14 September 2021	New document created for introduction of MagMAX™ Wastewater Ultra Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit.	

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