Revised: 20-June-2005

SYTOX® Blue Dead Cell Stain

Quick Facts

Storage upon receipt:

- ≤-20°C
- Desiccate
- · Protect from light

Ex/Em: 444/480 nm, bound to nucleic acid

Introduction

SYTOX® Blue dead cell stain is a high-affinity nucleic acid stain that easily penetrates cells with compromised plasma membranes but will not cross uncompromised cell membranes. After brief incubation with SYTOX® Blue stain, the nucleic acids of dead cells fluoresce bright blue when excited with 405 nm violet laser light. These properties, combined with its >500-fold fluorescence enhancement upon nucleic acid binding, make the SYTOX® Blue stain a simple and quantitative single-step dead-cell indicator for use with violet laser—equipped flow cytometers (Figure 1). The violet-excited fluorescence emission of the SYTOX® Blue stain permits clear discrimination from probes excited by most other laser lines, facilitating the development of multicolor assays with minimal spectral overlap between signals.

Materials

Storage and Handling

The SYTOX® Blue stain is supplied as a 1 mM solution in dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) in a unit size of 1 mL. Upon receipt, this vial should be stored upright, frozen at ≤-20°C, desiccated, and protected from light. Before refreezing, the vial should be sealed tightly. The DMSO solution may be subjected to many freeze-thaw cycles without reagent degradation. When stored properly, this stock solution is stable for at least one year.

Caution: No data are available addressing the mutagenicity or toxicity of this reagent. However, SYTOX® Blue stain binds to nucleic acids and should be treated as a potential mutagen and used with appropriate care. The DMSO stock solution should be handled with particular caution as DMSO is known to facilitate the entry of organic molecules into tissues. Please dispose of the reagents in compliance with all pertaining local regulations.

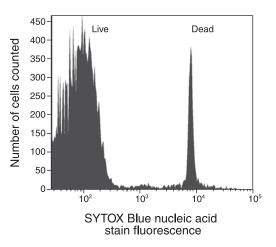


Figure 1. A mixture of heat-killed and untreated Jurkat cells were stained with 1 µM SYTOX® Blue stain for 5 minutes. Cells were analyzed on a flow cytometer equipped with a 405 nm violet diode laser and a 440/40 nm bandpass filter. Live cells are easily distinguished from the dead cell population

Spectral Characteristics

The absorption and fluorescence emission spectra of the SYTOX® Blue stain are shown in Figure 2. These spectra were obtained from samples of the dye bound to DNA. The SYTOX® Blue stain exhibits a fluorescence enhancement of greater than 500-fold. The SYTOX® Blue stain/DNA complex has fluorescence excitation and emission maxima of 444 nm and 480 nm, respectively.

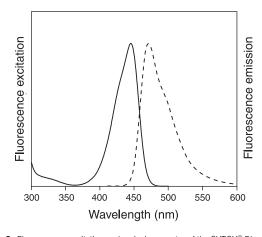


Figure 2. Fluorescence excitation and emission spectra of the SYTOX® Blue stain bound to DNA. These spectra were obtained using a ratio of 1 dye molecule to 50 base pairs of DNA in 10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 7.5.

MP 34857 SYTOX® Blue Dead Cell Stain

Experimental Protocol

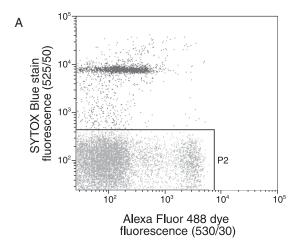
The following procedure was developed using Jurkat cells (a humanT-cell line) but can be adapted for any cell type. Growth medium, cell density, the presence of other cell types and other factors may influence staining. In initial experiments, it may be best to try a range of dye concentrations to determine the one that yields optimal staining for the given cell type and experimental conditions (suggested starting range: 625 nM to $10 \mu \text{M}$).

If SYTOX® Blue stain is used in combination with other dyes for multicolor applications, we recommend that the other stain(s) is applied to the sample first, following all manufacturer's instructions, including washes. SYTOX® Blue stain should be the last stain applied to the sample, and samples should not be washed prior to flow cytometric analysis.

- **1.1** Remove the vial containing the SYTOX® Blue stain from the freezer and allow the contents to equilibrate to room temperature.
- **1.2** Harvest the cell sample(s). Using an appropriate buffer, adjust the cell concentration of the sample(s) to be from 1×10^5 to 5×10^7 cells/mL.
- 1.3 Prepare flow cytometry tubes each containing 1 mL of cell suspension.
- **1.4** Add 1 μ L of SYTOX[®] Blue stain (Component A) to each flow cytometry tube. The final concentration of dye will be 1 μ M.
- **1.5** Incubate flow cytometry tubes for at least 5 minutes at room temperature, protected from light. Do not allow the staining reaction to proceed for longer than 30 minutes.
- **1.6** Analyze samples without washing or fixing with either a 440/40 nm or a 530/30 nm bandpass filter.

Multicolor Staining

SYTOX® Blue dead cell stain has little spectral overlap with fluorophores excited by other (nonviolet) lasers. Although Pacific Blue™ dye and SYTOX® Blue dead cell stain have considerable spectral overlap, they may be combined without using compensation when SYTOX® Blue dead cell stain is read using the 525/50 channel as a "dump channel" to exclude dead cells from an analysis (Figure 3).



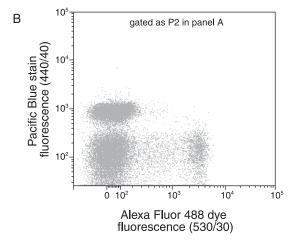


Figure 3. An aliquot of human peripheral blood mononuclear cells was heat treated (10 minutes at 67°C) and mixed with untreated cells. Cells were stained for 30 minutes with an Alexa Fluor® 488 dye—labeled antibody against CD8 and a Pacific Blue™ dye—labeled antibody against CD4 (CD4 antibody was labeled using Zenon® technology). Cells were washed, resuspended in 1 mL buffer, and stained with SYTOX® Blue dead cell stain for 5 minutes. Cells were analyzed on a flow cytometer equipped with an argon-ion 488 nm laser and a 407 nm violet diode laser. Emission was collected in 530/30 nm (argon-ion laser) and 440/40 nm and 525/50 nm bandpass filters (violet diode laser). SYTOX® Blue stain—negative cells were gated using the 525/50 channel (Figure 3A) and CD4/CD8 phenotype of gated cells was displayed (Figure 3B).

Product List Current prices may be obtained from our Web site or from our Customer Service Department.

Contact Information

Further information on Molecular Probes products, including product bibliographies, is available from your local distributor or directly from Molecular Probes. Customers in Europe, Africa and the Middle East should contact our office in Paisley, United Kingdom. All others should contact our Technical Service Department in Eugene, Oregon.

Please visit our website — **probes.invitrogen.com** — for the most up-to-date information.

Molecular Probes. Inc.

29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402 Phone: (541) 465-8300 • Fax: (541) 335-0504

Customer Service: 6:00 am to 4:30 pm (Pacific Time)

Phone: (541) 335-0338 • Fax: (541) 335-0305 • probesorder@invitrogen.com

Toll-Free Ordering for USA:

Order Phone: (800) 438-2209 • Order Fax: (800) 438-0228

Technical Service: 8:00 am to 4:00 pm (Pacific Time) Phone: (541) 335-0353 • Toll-Free (800) 438-2209 Fax: (541) 335-0238 • probestech@invitrogen.com

Invitrogen European Headquarters

Invitrogen, Ltd. 3 Fountain Drive Inchinnan Business Park Paisley PA4 9RF, UK

Phone: +44 (0) 141 814 6100 • Fax: +44 (0) 141 814 6260

Email: euroinfo@invitrogen.com

Technical Services: eurotech@invitrogen.com

Molecular Probes products are high-quality reagents and materials intended for research purposes only. These products must be used by, or directly under the supervision of, a technically qualified individual experienced in handling potentially hazardous chemicals. Please read the Material Safety Data Sheet provided for each product; other regulatory considerations may apply.

Limited Use Label License

For research use only. Not intended for any animal or human therapeutic or diagnostic use. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and components of the product in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The buyer cannot sell or otherwise transfer (a) this product (b) its components or (c) materials made using this product or its components to a third party or otherwise use this product or its components or materials made using this product or its components for Commercial Purposes. The buyer may transfer information or materials made through the use of this product to a scientific collaborator, provided that such transfer is not for any Commercial Purpose, and that such collaborator agrees in writing (a) to not transfer such materials to any third party, and (b) to use such transferred materials and/or information solely for research and not for Commercial Purposes. Commercial Purposes means any activity by a party for consideration and may include, but is not limited to: (1) use of the product or its components in manufacturing; (2) use of the product or its components to provide a service, information, or data; (3) use of the product or its components for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; or (4) resale of the product or its components, whether or not such product or its components are resold for use in research. Invitrogen Corporation will not assert a claim against the buyer of infringement of the above patents based upon the manufacture, use or sale of a therapeutic, clinical diagnostic, vaccine or prophylactic product developed in research by the buyer in which this product or its components was employed, provided that neither this product nor any of its components was used in the manufacture of such product. If the purchaser is not willing to accept the limitations of this limited use statement, Invitrogen is willing to accept return of the product with a full r

Several Molecular Probes products and product applications are covered by U.S. and foreign patents and patents pending. All names containing the designation ® are registered with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Copyright 2005, Molecular Probes, Inc. All rights reserved. This information is subject to change without notice.