

# INSTRUCTIONS

**Thermo**  
SCIENTIFIC

## Pierce SM(PEG)<sub>2</sub>, No-Weigh Format

MAN0017089

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### A35397

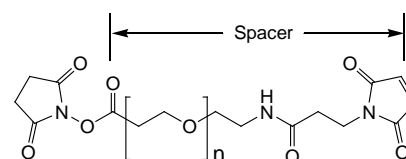
**Number**                      **Description**  
A35397                      **Pierce SM(PEG)<sub>2</sub>, No-Weigh Format, 10 × 1mg**

Form: Low melting-point solid

Spacer Arm: 17.6Å

Molecular Weight: 425.39

Net Mass Addition: 310.12



n = 2  
**NHS-PEG<sub>2</sub>-Maleimide**  
(succinimidyl-[(*N*-maleimidopropionamido)-diethyleneglycol] ester)

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

**Storage:** Upon receipt store desiccated at -20° C. Product is shipped on ice packs.

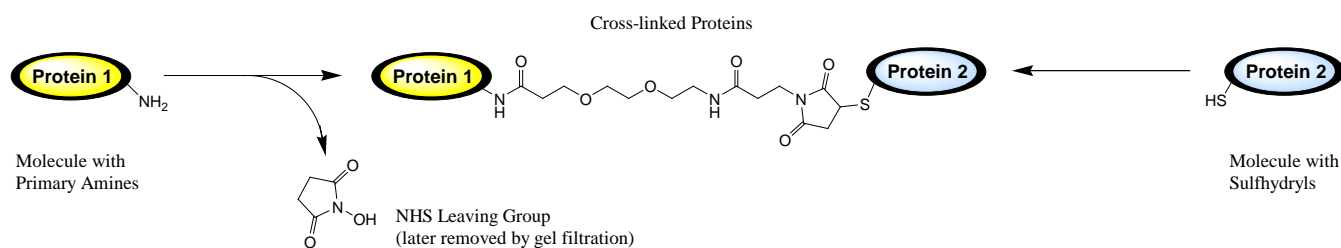
### Introduction

Thermo Scientific™ Pierce™ SM(PEG)<sub>2</sub> is a heterobifunctional crosslinker with *N*-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) ester and maleimide groups that allow covalent conjugation of amine- and sulfhydryl-containing molecules. Crosslinkers having polyethylene glycol (PEG) spacers are convenient alternatives to reagents with purely hydrocarbon spacer arms. PEG spacers improve water solubility of reagent and conjugate, reduce the potential for aggregation of the conjugate, and increases flexibility of the crosslink, resulting in reduced immunogenic response to the spacer itself. By contrast to typical PEG reagents that contain heterogeneous mixtures of different PEG chain lengths, Pierce™ PEGylation Reagents are homogeneous compounds of defined molecular weight and spacer arm length, providing greater precision in optimization and characterization of crosslinking applications.

*N*-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) esters react with primary amines at pH 7-9 to form amide bonds, while maleimides react with sulfhydryl groups at pH 6.5-7.5 to form stable thioether bonds (Figure 1). In aqueous solutions, hydrolytic degradation of the NHS ester is a competing reaction whose rate increases with pH. The maleimide group is more stable than the NHS-ester group but will slowly hydrolyze and also lose its reaction specificity for sulfhydryls at pH values greater than 7.5. For these reasons, conjugation experiments involving this type of heterobifunctional crosslinker are usually performed at pH 7.2-7.5, with the NHS-ester (amine-targeted) reaction being accomplished before or simultaneous with the maleimide (sulfhydryl-targeted) reaction.

NHS/maleimide crosslinkers can be used to prepare antibody-enzyme and hapten-carrier protein conjugates in a two-step reaction scheme. First, the amine-containing protein is reacted with a several-fold molar excess of the crosslinker, followed by removal of excess (nonreacted) reagent by desalting or dialysis; finally, the sulfhydryl-containing molecule is added to react with the maleimide groups already attached to the first protein.

Thermo Scientific™ No-Weigh™ products are specialty reagents provided in a pre-aliquoted format. The pre-weighed packaging prevents the loss of reagent reactivity and contamination over time by eliminating the repetitive opening and closing of the vial. The format enables use of a fresh vial of reagent each time, eliminating the hassle of weighing small amounts of reagents and reducing concerns over reagent stability.



**Figure 1.** Structure of crosslink formed by reaction of SM(PEG)<sub>2</sub> with amine and sulfhydryl molecules.

## Important Product Information

- SM(PEG)<sub>2</sub> No-weigh format is a translucent solid and most likely will not be visible in the tube. Dissolve the crosslinker in dry (anhydrous, molecular sieve-treated) organic solvent, such as dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO, Product No. 20684). Minimize reagent exposure to moisture because the NHS-ester reactive group is susceptible to hydrolysis. Equilibrate reagent vial to room temperature before opening to avoid moisture condensation inside the container.
- Avoid buffers containing primary amines (e.g., Tris or glycine) and sulfhydryls during conjugation because they will compete with the intended reaction. If necessary, dialyze or desalt samples into an appropriate buffer such as phosphate buffered saline (PBS).
- Molecules to be reacted with the maleimide moiety must have free (reduced) sulfhydryls. Reduce peptide disulfide bonds with Immobilized TCEP Disulfide Reducing Gel (Product No. 77712). Reduce disulfide bonds in high molecular weight proteins using 5 mM TCEP (1:100 dilution of TCEP Solution, Product No. 77720) for 30 minutes at room temperature, followed by two passes through an appropriate desalting column (e.g., Thermo Scientific™ Zeba™ Spin Desalting Columns). Be aware that proteins (e.g., antibodies) can be inactivated by complete reduction of their disulfide bonds. Selective reduction of hinge-region disulfide bonds in IgG may be accomplished with 2-Mercaptoethylamine•HCl (2-MEA, Product No. 20408). Sulfhydryls can be added to molecules using *N*-succinimidyl-*S*-acetylthioacetate (SATA, Product No. 26102 or SA T(PEG)<sub>4</sub>, Product No. 26099) or 2-iminothiolane•HCl (Traut's Reagent, Product No. 26101), which modify primary amines.

## Procedure for two-step Protein Crosslinking

Generally, a 10- to 50-fold molar excess of crosslinker over the amount of amine-containing protein results in sufficient maleimide activation to enable several sulfhydryl-containing proteins to be conjugated to each amine-containing protein. Dilute protein solutions require a high molar excess of reagent to achieve adequate activation. Empirical testing is necessary to determine activation levels and final conjugation ratios that are optimal for the intended application.

### A. Material Preparation

- Conjugation Buffer: Phosphate buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.2; e.g., Product No. 28372) or other amine- and sulfhydryl-free buffer at pH 6.5-7.5 (see Important Product Information) – adding EDTA to 1-5mM chelates divalent metals, thereby preventing metal-catalyzed disulfide formation.
- Crosslinker Stock Solution: Read the Important Product Information (previous section) before preparing this solution. Prepare a 25mM SM(PEG)<sub>2</sub> solution by adding 100μL of dry DMSO to the vial. Mix by repeat pipetting or replace cap and vortex. The maximum useable volume of the vial is 800μL.
- Desalting column to separate modified protein from excess crosslinker and reaction byproducts (e.g., Zeba Spin Desalting Columns)
- Amine-containing protein (Protein-NH<sub>2</sub>) and sulfhydryl-containing protein (Protein-SH) to be conjugated

**B. Protocol**

**Note:** For best results, ensure that Protein-SH is prepared (see Important Product Information) and ready to combine with Protein-NH<sub>2</sub> in step 5.

1. Dissolve Protein-NH<sub>2</sub> in Conjugation Buffer at 0.1mM (e.g., 5mg in 1mL for a 50kDa protein).
2. Add crosslinker to dissolved Protein-NH<sub>2</sub> at 1mM final concentration (= 10-fold molar excess for 0.1mM protein solution) by adding 40µL of 25mM SM(PEG)<sub>2</sub> per milliliter of Protein-NH<sub>2</sub> solution.
3. Incubate reaction mixture for 30 minutes at roomtemperature or 2 hours at 4°C.
4. Remove excess crosslinker using a desalting column equilibrated with Conjugation Buffer.

**Note:** Follow the desalting column product instructions to determine which fractions contain Protein-NH<sub>2</sub>. Alternatively, locate the protein by measuring for fractions having peak absorbance at 280nm; however, be aware that the NHS-ester leaving group also absorbs strongly at 280nm.

5. Combine and mix Protein-SH and desalted Protein-NH<sub>2</sub> in a molar ratio corresponding to that desired for the final conjugate and consistent with the relative number of sulfhydryl and activated amines that exist on the two proteins.
6. Incubate the reaction mixture at room temperature for 30 minutes or 2 hours at 4°C.

**Note:** Generally, there is no harm in allowing the reaction to proceed for several hours or overnight, although usually the reaction will be complete in the specified time. To stop the conjugation reaction before completion, add buffer containing reduced cysteine at a concentration several times greater than the sulfhydryls of Protein-SH.

**Note:** Conjugation efficiency may be estimated by electrophoretic separation and subsequent protein staining.

**Related Thermo Scientific Products**

<b>Crosslinker Name</b>	<b>Spacer Arm Length (Å)</b>	<b>Spacer Arm Composition (between ester and maleimide)</b>	<b>Product No. (NHS)</b>	<b>Product No. (Sulfo-NHS)</b>
AMAS	4.4	Alkane	22295	N/A
BMPS	5.9	Alkane	22298	N/A
GMBS	7.3	Alkane	22309	22324
MBS	7.3	Aromatic	22311	22312
SMCC	8.3	Cyclohexane	22360	22322
EMCS	9.4	Alkane	22308	22307
SMPB	11.6	Alkane/Aromatic	22416	22317
SMPH	14.2	Alkane/Amide	22363	N/A
LC-SMCC	16.2	Alkane/Amide/Cyclohexane	22362	N/A
KMUS	16.3	Alkane	N/A	21111

<b>22102</b>	<b>SM(PEG)<sub>2</sub></b> , 100mg
<b>22103</b>	<b>SM(PEG)<sub>2</sub></b> , 1g
<b>22104</b>	<b>SM(PEG)<sub>4</sub></b> , 100mg
<b>22107</b>	<b>SM(PEG)<sub>4</sub></b> , 1g
<b>22105</b>	<b>SM(PEG)<sub>6</sub></b> , 100mg
<b>22108</b>	<b>SM(PEG)<sub>8</sub></b> , 100mg
<b>22112</b>	<b>SM(PEG)<sub>12</sub></b> , 100mg
<b>22113</b>	<b>SM(PEG)<sub>12</sub></b> , 1g
<b>22114</b>	<b>SM(PEG)<sub>24</sub></b> , 100mg
<b>28372</b>	<b>BupH™ Phosphate Buffered Saline Packs</b> , 40 pack, each pack yields 500mL of 0.1M sodium phosphate, 0.15M sodium chloride, pH 7.2 when reconstituted with 500mL water.
<b>69576</b>	<b>Slide-A-Lyzer™ MINI Dialysis Unit Kit</b> , for 10-100µL sample volumes, 10 units plus float
<b>66382, 66807</b>	<b>Slide-A-Lyzer™ Dialysis Cassette Kits</b> , for 0.5-3mL and 3-12mL sample volumes, respectively

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<b>89889</b>	<b>Zeba Spin Desalting Columns, 2mL, 5 × 2mL columns, for desalting 200-700µL samples</b>
<b>89891</b>	<b>Zeba Spin Desalting Columns, 5mL, 5 × 5mL columns, for desalting 500-2,000µL samples</b>
<b>31490</b>	<b>Horseradish Peroxidase, 10mg</b>
<b>22582</b>	<b>Elman's Reagent, 5g, for determining free sulfhydryl content in peptides and proteins</b>

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