

phi29 DNA Polymerase

Catalog Number EP0091, EP0092, EP0094

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WARNING! Read the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) and follow the handling instructions. Wear appropriate protective eyewear, clothing, and gloves. Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) are available from thermofisher.com/support.

Product description

phi29 DNA Polymerase is a highly processive polymerase (up to more than 70 kb) featuring strong strand displacement activity which allows for highly efficient isothermal DNA amplification (1). phi29 DNA Polymerase also possesses a 3'→5' exonuclease (proofreading) activity acting preferentially on single-stranded DNA (2) or RNA (3). Therefore 3'-modified primers are highly recommended (4).

Contents and storage

Cat. No.	Components	Amount	Source	Storage
EP0091	phi29 DNA Polymerase	250 U, 10 U/μL (0.1 μg/μL)	<i>E. coli</i> cells with a cloned gene 2 of <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> phage phi29	-25 °C to -15 °C
	10X Reaction Buffer	0.25 mL		
EP0092	phi29 DNA Polymerase	1000 U, 10 U/μL (0.1 μg/μL)		
	10X Reaction Buffer	1 mL		
EP0094	phi29 DNA Polymerase	5000 U, 10 U/μL (0.1 μg/μL)		
	10X Reaction Buffer	5 x 1 mL		

Applications

- Highly accurate DNA synthesis (5).
- Rolling circle amplification (RCA) (6):
 - generation of periodic DNA nanotemplates (7).
- Multiple displacement amplification (MDA) (8).
- Unbiased amplification of whole genome (WGA):
 - amplification of DNA for SNP (9) and STR (10) detection,
 - cell-free amplification of DNA from single cells (11, 12), pathogenic organisms or metagenomes (13),
 - amplification of DNA from filter paper blood spot samples (14).
- DNA template preparation for sequencing.
- Protein-primed DNA amplification (15).
- RNA-primed DNA amplification (16).
- *In situ* genotyping with padlock probes (17).
- Recombination based-cloning (18).
- Cell-free cloning of lethal DNA (19).

Definition of Activity Unit

One unit of the enzyme catalyzes the incorporation of 0.5 pmol of dCMP into a polynucleotide fraction in 10 min at 30 °C.

Storage Buffer

The enzyme is supplied in: 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 100 mM KCl, 0.5% (v/v) Nonidet P40, 0.5% (v/v) Tween 20 and 50% (v/v) glycerol.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

10X Reaction Buffer

330 mM Tris-acetate (pH 7.9 at 37 °C), 100 mM Mg-acetate, 660 mM K-acetate, 1% (v/v) Tween 20, 10 mM DTT.

Inhibition and Inactivation

- Inhibitors: aphidicolin, N²-(*p*-*n*-butylphenyl)-dGTP (BuPdGTP), 2-(*p*-*n*-butylanilino)-dATP (BuAdATP) (20).
- Inactivated by heating at 65 °C for 10 min.

Notes

- Addition of Pyrophosphatase (#EF0221) to the phi29 reaction mixture may enhance DNA synthesis (8).
- phi29 DNA polymerase requires presence of DTT or other reducing agent in reaction mixture for maximal activity. Though the supplied reaction buffer contains DTT the reducing agent degrades over time and should be supplemented with freshly prepared DTT for buffer stocks older than 4 months or those frozen and thawed more than 10 times. To replenish reducing agent add 10 µL of 1 M DTT per 1 mL of 10X reaction buffer.

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