# Pre-miR™ miRNA Precursor Molecules— Negative Control #2

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S	Package Contents	<b>Catalog Number</b> AM17111	<b>Size</b> 5 nmol lyophilized pell	et		
		<ul> <li>1.75 mL Nuclease-free Water</li> </ul>				
	Storage Conditions	<ul> <li>Store at or below -20°C. Do not store in a frost-free freezer. (Dried oligonucleotides are shipped at room temperature.)</li> <li>12-month shelf life</li> </ul>				
	Required Materials	<ul> <li>RNase-free reagents</li> <li>Transfection reagent e.g. Lipofectamine<sup>®</sup> RNAiMAX</li> </ul>				
	Timing	Transfection preparation: 15 minutes Final incubation: 1–3 days				
Å	Selection Guide	miRNAs Go online to view related products.				
	Product Description	<ul> <li>Pre-miR<sup>™</sup> miRN to minimize off ta endogenous miR</li> <li>Pre-miR<sup>™</sup> miRN double-stranded as a negative con miRNA Precurso</li> </ul>	A Precursors are chemica arget effects and designed NAs. A Precursor—Negative C RNA oligonucleotide de trol for experiments invo	ally modified d to mimic Control #2 is a signed to serve olving Pre-miR <sup>TM</sup>		
	Important Guidelines	<ul> <li>Handling instruct susceptible to deg introduced during this product. Use pipette tips.</li> <li>Transfect Pre-miF #2 using the same Pre-miR™ miRN expression from to miRNA Precurso evaluation of the miRNA Precurso</li> </ul>	tions: RNA oligonucleoti gradation by exogenous g handling. Wear gloves RNase-free reagents, tub R <sup>TM</sup> miRNA Precursor—R e methodology as for you A Precursors. Then, use the sample transfected w r—Negative Control #2 a effect of the experimenta r on target gene expressi	ides are ribonucleases when handling bes, and barrier Negative Control ur experimental the target gene ith the Pre-miR <sup>TM</sup> as a baseline for al Pre-miR <sup>TM</sup> on.		
	Online	Visit our product p	age for additional			



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For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### miRNA Resuspension Protocol

We recommend preparing 100  $\mu M$  miRNA stock solution. Dilute the stock solution to 10  $\mu M$  for immediate use.

- 1. Briefly centrifuge the tube or plate to ensure that the dried miRNA is at the bottom of the tube.
- 2. Resuspend the 5 nmol miRNA using 50  $\mu$ L of the nuclease-free water provided for a final concentration of 100  $\mu$ M.
- 3. Make 10  $\mu$ M working stock using nuclease-free water for immediate use. A 10- $\mu$ M stock of miRNA duplex is equivalent to 10 pmol/ $\mu$ L.
- 4. (Optional) Aliquot miRNAs into one or more daughter tubes or plates to limit the number of freeze-thaw cycles to which the miRNAs are subjected. Solutions at concentrations >2 μM can undergo up to 50 freeze-thaw cycles without significant degradation.
- 5. Store at or below  $-20^{\circ}$ C in a non-frost-free freezer until use.

Once reconstituted in nuclease-free water, the miRNA is ready to transfect and can be used at your choice of final concentration.

#### **RNAi Transfection Protocol**

See page 2 to view guidelines for transfecting miRNAs using Lipofectamine<sup>®</sup> RNAiMAX Reagent.

### **Transfection Amounts per Well**

Use 10 nM miRNA duplex as a starting point.

	96-well	24-well	6-well
Final miRNA	1 pmol	5 pmol	25 pmol
Final Lipofectamine® RNAiMAX	0.3 µL	1.5 µL	7.5 µL

## **Reverse Transfection of RNAi**

Reverse transfection is faster to perform than forward transfection and is the method of choice for high-throughput transfection. Perform reverse transfection by preparing siRNA or miRNA transfection complexes inside the wells, and then adding cells and medium. Because the cells and miRNA-reagent complexes are prepared on the same day, we recommended using 2.5× more cells than for a regular transfection.





#### **RNAi Transfection Protocol**

This procedure is designed for one RNA amount combined with one amount of Lipofectamine® RNAiMAX.

The prepared mix is enough to have triplicates (96-well), duplicates (24-well), and single well (6-well) transfections, and account for pipetting variations.

Timeline		neline	Steps	Procedure Details			
~			Seed cells to be	Component	96-well	24-well	6-well
Day C	1		60-80% confluent at transfection	Adherent cells	$1-4 \times 10^{4}$	$0.5-2 \times 10^{5}$	$0.25 - 1 \times 10^{6}$
Day 1			Dilute Lipofectamine <sup>®</sup> RNAiMAX Reagent in Opti-MEM <sup>®</sup> Medium	Opti-MEM <sup>®</sup> Medium	25 μL	50 µL	150 µL
	2			Lipofectamine <sup>®</sup> RNAiMAX Reagent	1.5 µL	3 µL	9 µL
	3	2	Dilute miRNA in Opti-MEM <sup>®</sup> Medium	Opti-MEM <sup>®</sup> Medium	25 μL	50 μL	150 μL
				miRNA (10 µM)	0.5 μL (5 pmol)	1 μL (10 pmol)	3 μL (30 pmol)
			Add diluted miRNA to diluted Lipofectamine® RNAiMAX Reagent (1:1 ratio)	Diluted miRNA	25 μL	50 μL	150 µL
	4			Diluted Lipofectamine® RNAiMAX Reagent	25 µL	50 μL	150 µL
	5	5	Incubate	Incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.			
				Component	96-well	24-well	6-well
	6		miRNA-reagent complex per well	10 µL	50 µL	250 µL	
			Add miRNA-lipid complex to cells	Final miRNA used per well	1 pmol	5 pmol	25 pmol
				Final Lipofectamine <sup>®</sup> RNAiMAX used per well	0.3 µL	1.5 µL	7.5 µL
Day 2-4	7		Visualize/analyze transfected cells	Incubate cells for 1–3 days at 37°C. Then, analyze transfected cells.			