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by Thermo Fisher Scientific

eBioscience[™] Streptavidin APC-eFluor[™] 780

Catalog Number: 47-4317 Also known as: SA, Sav RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Product Information

REF	Contents: eBioscience™ Streptavidin APC- eFluor™ 780 Catalog Number: 47-4317 Concentration: 0.2 mg/mL		Formulation: aqueous buffer, 0.09% sodium azide, may contain carrier protein/stabilizer Temperature Limitation: Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Light sensitive material. This tandem dye is sensitive to photo-induced oxidation. Protect this vial from light during storage, handling & experimental procedures. Batch Code: Refer to vial Use By: Refer to vial Caution, contains Azide
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Description

The streptavidin fluorochrome conjugates are commonly used in indirect staining protocols to detect biotinylated primary antibodies in flow cytometry. Streptavidin binds to biotin with high affinity.

Applications Reported

APC-eFluor® 780 Streptavidin (APC-Alexa Fluor® 750 replacement) has been reported for use in flow cytometric analysis.

Applications Tested

Streptavidin APC-eFluor® 780 has been tested by flow cytometric analysis of mouse splenocytes. This can be used at less than or equal to 0.125 μ g per test. A test is defined as the amount (μ g) of antibody that will stain a cell sample in a final volume of 100 μ L. Cell number should be determined empirically but can range from 10⁵ to 10⁸ cells/test. It is recommended that the antibody be carefully titrated for optimal performance in the assay of interest.

APC-eFluor® emits at 780 nm and is excited with the Red laser (633 nm). Please make sure that your instrument is capable of detecting this fluorochome.

Light sensitivity: This tandem is sensitive to photo-induced oxidation. Please protect this vial and stained samples from light.

Fixation: Samples can be stored in IC Fixation Buffer (cat. 00-8222) (100 μ L cell sample + 100 μ L IC Fixation Buffer) or 1-step Fix/Lyse Solution (cat. 00-5333) for up to 3 days in the dark at 4°C with minimal impact on brightness and FRET efficiency/compensation. Some generalizations regarding fluorophore performance after fixation can be made, but clone specific performance should be determined empirically.