invitrogen

Prolactin ELISA Kit

Catalog Number EHIAPRL (96 tests)

Rev 1.0

For safety and biohazard guidelines, see the "Safety" appendix in the ELISA Technical Guide (Pub. no. MAN0006706). Read the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) and follow the handling instructions. Wear appropriate protective eyewear, clothing, and gloves.

Product description

The Prolactin ELISA Kit is a solid-phase sandwich Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA). This assay is designed to detect and quantify the level of prolactin in serum, plasma and tissue culture media. The assay recognizes both natural and recombinant prolactin.

Prolactin is a polypeptide hormone that is primarily secreted from specialized cells of the anterior pituitary gland. Mature prolactin in human, sheep, swine, and cattle is 199 amino acids in length with a molecular weight of about 23 kDa. Sequence homology can vary from up to 97% among primates to as low as 56% between primates and rodents.

This kit was developed to measure prolactin in elephant serum. Cross-reactivity with human and seal samples is also observed. Serum samples from felids have been reported not to work with this kit. The kit uses a human prolactin standard and values expressed for non-human species will be expressed as human prolactin pg/mL.

Contents and storage

Kit and components are shipped at -20° C. Upon receipt, store the kit at -20° C. Once open, store the kit at 4° C and use within 2 weeks. Store the Prolactin Standard at -20° C after opening.

Components	Quantity
Prolactin Standard; 500 pg recombinant human prolactin, store at -20°C	2 vials
Assay Buffer Concentrate (5X)	28 mL
Prolactin Antibody Coated Wells, 96-well strip-well plate	1 plate
Prolactin Conjugate, store at -20°C	5 mL
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20X)	30 mL
Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) Substrate	11 mL
Stop Solution; contains 1 M HCl, CAUSITC	5 mL
Plate Sealer	1

Materials required but not supplied

- Distilled or deionized water
- Microtiter plate reader with software capable of measurement at or near 450 nm (preferably with correction between 570 nm and 590 nm).
- Plate washer–automated or manual (squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or equivalent)
- Calibrated adjustable precision pipettes and glass or plastic tubes for diluting solution
- Orbital shaker

Procedural guidelines

IMPORTANT! Reagents are lot-specific. Do not mix or interchange different reagent lots from various kit lots.

- Review the Procedural guidelines and Plate washing directions in the ELISA Technical Guide available at thermofisher.com.
- Allow reagents to reach room temperature before use. Mix to redissolve any precipitated salts.
- Solutions containing sodium azide will inhibit the activity of the peroxidase conjugate. Ensure that there is no contamination of labware or the plate washer with azide containing solutions.
- Set the orbital shaker to a speed providing optimum agitation without the liquid splashing onto the lid. For an orbital shaker with a 3-mm orbital radius, a speed between 500 and 600 rpm is recommended.



Prepare 1X Wash Buffer

- Dilute 15 mL of Wash Solution Concentrate (20X) with 285 mL of deionized or distilled water. Label as 1X Wash Buffer.
- 2. Store the concentrate and 1X Wash Buffer in the refrigerator. Use the diluted buffer within 3 months.

Prepare 1X Assay Buffer

- 1. Dilute 14 mL of Assay Buffer (5X) with 56 mL of deionized or distilled water. Label as 1X Assay Buffer.
- 2. Store the concentrate and 1X Assay Buffer in the refrigerator. 1X Assay Buffer is stable at 2°C to 8°C for 3 months.

Sample preparation guidelines

- Refer to the ELISA Technical Guide at thermofisher.com for detailed sample preparation procedures.
- Collect samples in pyrogen/endotoxin-free tubes.
- Freeze samples after collection if samples will not be tested immediately. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles of frozen samples. Thaw completely and mix well (do not vortex) prior to analysis.
- Avoid the use of hemolyzed or lipemic sera.
- If large amounts of particulate matter are present in the sample, centrifuge or filter sample prior to analysis.

Pre-dilute samples

Sample concentrations should be within the range of the standard curve. Because conditions may vary, each investigator should determine the optimal dilution for each application.

Use all samples within 2 hours of dilution.

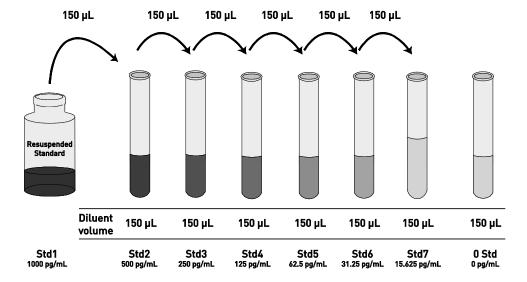
- Dilute **serum and plasma** samples ≥1:4 in 1X Assay Buffer.
 - **Note**: While a \ge 1:10 sample dilution has been found to be satisfactory to detect most samples, higher dilutions of up to 1:100 may be required (for pregnant humans).
- Dilute tissue culture media samples with the corresponding cell culture medium.

Dilute standards

Note: Use glass or plastic tubes for diluting standards.

Important: For tissue culture media samples, dilute standards with the appropriate tissue culture medium instead of 1X Assay Buffer.

- 1. Add 500 μL 1X Assay Buffer to one vial of Prolactin Standard to reconstitute to 1,000 pg /mL. Swirl or mix gently and allow the contents to sit for 10 minutes to ensure complete reconstitution. Label as 1,000 pg/mL prolactin.
- 2. Add 150 µL Standard Diluent Buffer to each of 7 tubes labeled as follows: 500, 250, 125, 62.5, 31.25, 15.625, and 0 pg/mL prolactin.
- 3. Make serial dilutions of the standard as described below in the dilution diagram. Mix thoroughly between steps.
- 4. Use the standards within 2 hours of preparation.



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Perform ELISA (Total assay time: 2.5 hours)

IMPORTANT! Perform a standard curve with each assay.

Allow all components to reach room temperature before use. Mix all liquid reagents prior to use.

Determine the number of 8-well strips required for the assay. Insert the strips in the frames for use. Re-bag any unused strips and frames, and store desiccated at 2° C to 8° C for future use. The silica pack in the bag keeps the plate dry, and turns from blue to pink if the bag is not properly sealed.



Bind antigen

- a. Add 50 µL of standards or samples (see "Pre-dilute samples" on page 2) to the appropriate wells.
- b. Cover the plate with plate sealer and incubate for 60 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker.
- c. Thoroughly aspirate the solution and wash wells 4 times with 300 μ L of 1X Wash Buffer.

Add detection antibody

- a. Add 50 µL Prolactin Conjugate into each well.
- b. Incubate for 60 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker.
- c. Thoroughly aspirate the solution from the wells and wash wells 4 times with 300 µL of 1X Wash Buffer.

Add chromogen

- a. $Add 100 \,\mu L TMB$ Substrate to each well. The substrate solution will begin to turn blue.
- b. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.

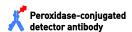
Note: TMB should not touch aluminum foil or other metals.

Add stop solution

Add $50\,\mu L$ Stop Solution to each well. Tap side of the plate gently to mix. The solution in the wells changes from blue to yellow.







Read the plate and generate the standard curve

- 1. Read the absorbance at 450 nm. Read the plate within 10 minutes after adding the Stop Solution.
- 2. Use curve-fitting software to generate the standard curve. A 4 parameter algorithm provides the best standard curve fit. Optimally, the background absorbance may be subtracted from all data points, including standards, unknowns and controls, prior to plotting.
- Read the concentrations for unknown samples and controls from the standard curve. Multiply value(s) obtained for sample(s) by the appropriate factor to correct for the sample dilution.

Note: Dilute samples producing signals greater than that of the highest standard in 1X Assay Buffer or the appropriate tissue culture medium and reanalyze. Multiply the concentration by the appropriate dilution factor.

Performance characteristics

Standard curve (example)

The following data was obtained for the various standards over the range of $0-1,000\,\mathrm{pg/mL}$ prolactin.

Standard Prolactin (pg/mL)	Optical Density (450 nm)
1,000	3.096
500	1.696
250	0.953
125	0.591
62.5	0.409
31.25	0.29
15.625	0.254
0	0.215

Inter-assay precision

Samples were independently run three times in fourteen assays in duplicate to determine precision between assays.

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean (pg/mL)	871.6	290.4	59.6
%CV	3.9	8.2	20.2

CV = Coefficient of Variation

Intra-assay precision

Samples of known prolactin concentration were assayed in replicates of 20 to determine precision within an assay.

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean (pg/mL)	883.8	290.7	73.1
%CV	2.9	5.7	14.3

CV = Coefficient of Variation

ELISA Kit Product Information Sheet 3

Performance characteristics, continued

Expected values

A number of normal (non-pregnant) human and elephant serum samples were tested with the kit after dilution from 20 to 80 fold. Samples from pregnant females were also tested after dilution from 40 to 640 fold.

Sample	Range (pg/mL)
Human serum (normal)	3,500-9,250 [1]
Human serum (pregnant) [2]	16,000-45,000
Elephant serum	97–220
Elephant serum (pregnant) [2] 244–4,000	
[1] Normal levels for human prolactin range from 3–27 ng/mL.	

Linearity of dilution

Linearity was determined by assaying high and low concentration human serum samples diluted 1:60 in 1X Assay Buffer (high sample $692.3 \, pg/mL$ of prolactin; low sample $122.9 \, pg/mL$ of prolactin), mixed in the ratios shown in the following table.

High Sample %	Low Sample %	Expected Conc. (pg/mL)	Observed Conc. (pg/mL)	% Recovery
80	20	578.4	586.3	101.4
60	40	464.5	508.1	109.4
40	60	350.6	361.3	103.0
20	80	236.8	243.8	103.0

Mean Recovery

104.2%

Specificity

This kit has been tested successfully with both African and Asian elephant sera.

Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity of the assay is 11.7 pg/mL prolactin. This was determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. obtained when the zero standard was assayed 20 times, and calculating the corresponding concentration.

Limited product warranty

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Catalog Number



Batch



Temperature limitation



Use by







Consult instructions for



Caution, consult accompanying documents

Manufacturer's address: Life Technologies Corporation | 7335 Executive Way | Frederick, MD 21704 | USA

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